

# ROMEO & JULIET

Creative Learning Pack
Inspire your students through dance





We acknowledge the traditional custodians of the land upon which we live and dance, the Whadjuck people of the Noongar Nation, and pay our respects to culture and Elders past and present.

# **WELCOME**

We are so excited you will be joining us at one of West Australian Ballet's incredible school matinee performance. These performances are specifically designed to provide students with an immersive learning experience, diving into the world of dance and live performance. We can't wait to share our hard work with you all.

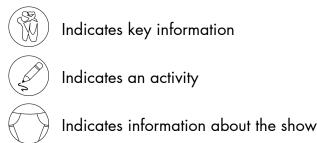
Our Romeo & Juliet school matinee performance delivers this classic tale, retold through dance, aimed to inspire students across several fields of study.

Each school matinee is accompanied by a curriculum aligned Creative Learning Pack to provide educators and students with further insights into dance as an art form.

The creative learning packs cover key elements of ballet, critical and creative thinking, as well as aspects of the theatre and live performance to review and respond to. We have also included performance specific activities that can be adapted to suit the needs and age of your classroom.

We would love to see what you create through exploring these activities. Whether it be writing, performance, or drawings, please send your creations to learning@waballet.com.au

Symbols are used throughout the pack to direct you to key information, performance specific details and activities.



We are delighted to share the joy of dance with you and your students to experience.

Sincerely, Natasha McCann Head of Access & Outreach

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# THE HISTORY OF BALLET



Image Source: https://thegoodlifefrance.com/louis-xiv-the-sun-king/

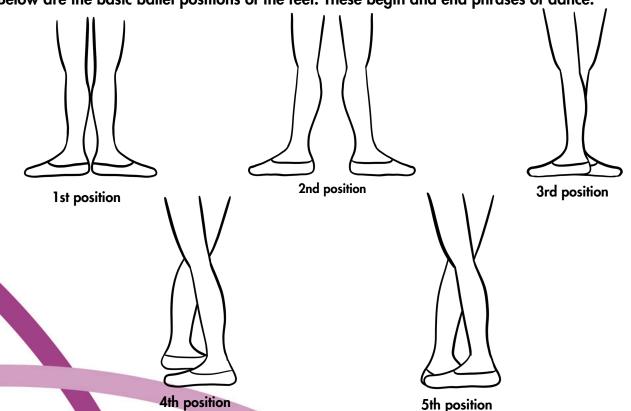
Ballet as a form of dance began in the royal courts of Italy and France in the 1600's. Formal group dances from the royal courts developed into the art form we now know after *The Sun King*, King Louis XIV of France established the first ballet school, the Académie Royale de Danse, in Paris in 1661.

The word ballet originates from the Latin word 'ballare', which means 'to dance'. To this day, all of the steps in ballet have French names, meaning dancers across the globe all speak the same language and can take a ballet class anywhere and understand exactly what to do.

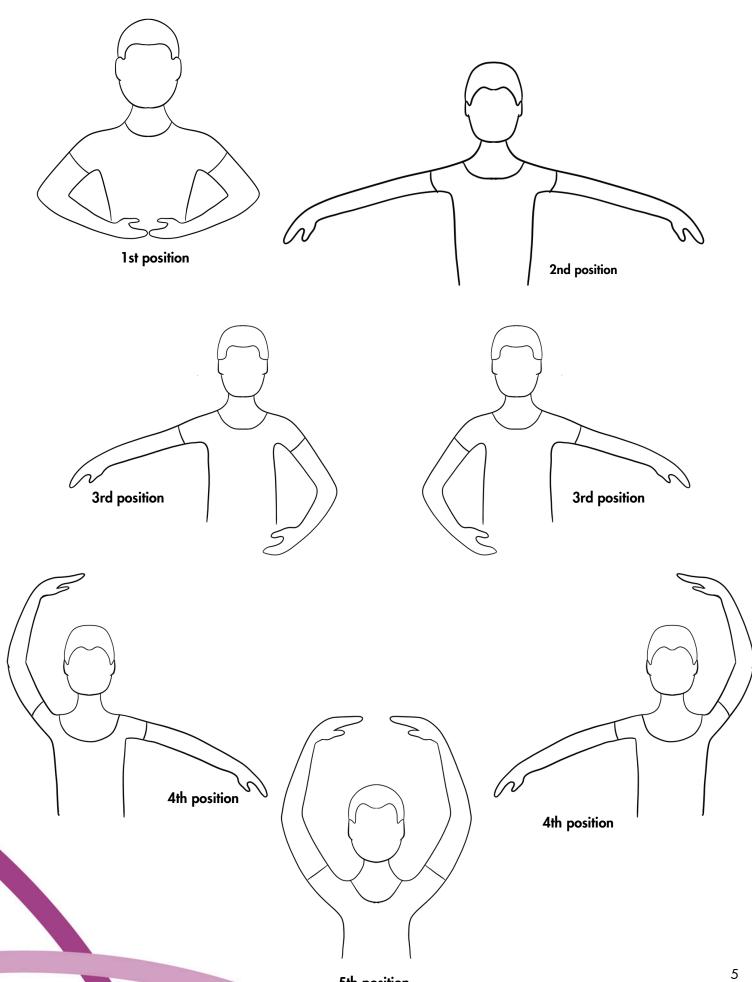
### **Ballet Positions**

In ballet there are five basic positions of the feet and arms. The positions of the feet originated from fencing positions, and require the dancer to *turn out*, or rotate the entire leg, from the top of the thigh to the toes. If you look at a dancer standing in any of the five positions, you'll see their toes point in opposite directions.

Positions of the feet - Below are the basic ballet positions of the feet. These begin and end phrases of dance.



# Positions of the arms - Like footwork, the basic arm positions (port de bras) are also numerically classified.





To bend your knees.

Plié

Port de bras

Movement of the arms.

Tendu

To point or stretch the foot to the front, side or back.

Releve

To rise to the ball of the feet.

Jeté

To leap from one foot to the other in which the front leg appears to have been thrown into the air.

Arabesque

A position of the body supported on one leg with the other leg extended behind, forming a right angle (or higher). Arms are held in various positions creating a long line from fingertips to toes.

**Pirouette** 

To spin or turn; a rotation of the body on one foot.

Pas de deux

A dance for two people.

**Principal** 

A dancer at the highest rank within a professional dance company

Soloist

A dancer below a principal, who performs most of the solo and minor roles in a ballet.

Corps de ballet

A group of dancers who work together as an ensemble; they form a background for the principal dancers and are the backbone of any ballet company.

Choreographer

A creative who invents movement and stylises a ballet or other dance and tells dancers how to perform them.

Choreography

The art of creating dances and the organisation of movement to form a pattern or shape.

Repetiteur

An accompanist, tutor, or coach of ballet dancers to assist with teaching choreography.





West Australian Ballet is the state's flagship ballet company and Australia's oldest continuous ballet company. Established in 1952 by Madame Kira Bousloff, West Australian Ballet presents up to 50 performances annually across Western Australia, reaching a total audience of over 100,000 people.

The company offers an extensive program of dance throughout the year, with five major seasons in Perth, regional touring throughout the state, choreographic workshops, and extensive education and community access programs.

West Australian Ballet is the only state dance company that has an official partnership with its state symphony orchestra; the West Australian Symphony Orchestra. In 2012 the company moved to the West Australian Ballet Centre, a purpose-built facility in Maylands.

2024 is the company's 72nd year in operation as we continue "to enrich lives through dance".





School matinee of

# Romeo & Juliet

Tuesday 10th September, 12 Midday His Majesty's Theatre, 827-905 Hay Street Perth WA.

Estimated running time: 2 hours and 55 minutes (including intermissions)

# Based on the tragedy written by

William Shakespeare

# Choreographed by

Andrea Shermoly

# Nastassia Norwood

Fight Choreographer

# Jayne Smeulders

Intimacy Coach

# Set and Costume Design by

lames Acheson

# Lighting Design by

John Buswell

# Composer

Sergei Prokofiev

# **Principal Conductor**

Jessica Gethin With West Australian Philharmonic Orchestra

Proudly supported by



## **Audience Warning:**

Romeo & Juliet contains mature themes including depictions of suicide. While audiences of all ages will enjoy this timeless story re-told in dance, it is not suitable for young children.



Romeo & Juliet, a tragedy written by William Shakespeare, centers on the blossoming romance between two young lovers, each from feuding families. It remains among Shakespeare's most popular works, encapsulating his most well known and bold characters.



Pictured left to right:

Mercutio, Romeo, Juliet, Lady Capulet & Tybalt
Pictured below: Mercutio & Tybalt





Below is a character map to help you understand both family dynamics.





# Discussion Points- (ACADAR018), (ACADAR019), (ACADAR025)

The following is a list of discussion points to assist your students in their understanding and critical analysis of a work.

- Think of two or three words to describe your immediate response to the performance as a whole.
- What parts did you respond to the most and why?
- What were your thoughts and emotions when watching the performance? Did your emotional response change throughout the different scenes or character interactions? Did you have a particular response to a specific section or moment in the work?
- Did the work have a clear storyline? If so, what was it and does everybody in the group interpret the story in the same way?
- Describe some of the dance movements you saw in the performance. What was it about these
  movements that caught your attention? Try to describe the movement using both verbal and
  physical descriptions.
- Describe the performers you saw. Which one or two stood out for you? What was it about their performance that you liked? (Physicality, performance quality, role in the work, engagement with the other dancers etc.)
- Describe the use of props and sets in the performance. What impact did they have in presenting an idea?
- Describe the lighting and other technical aspects. What was its purpose and how did this enhance the performance?
- Describe the costumes. Were they appropriate for the work and the movement? Did they distract from, or contribute to the performance?
- Describe the setting of the stage. Describe the way the dancers used the performance area. How would the work be effected if it was performed in a different performance setting? I.e. Outdoors or proscenium arch theatre.



# Responding | Dance Reflecting and Analysing-(ACADAR025)

### The Creative Process

Dancers, actors and performers rehearse, or practice, a long time before presenting to an audience. Directors & Choreographers analyse, evaluate, refine, and document their work to communicate meaning. Artists create and recreate a work to arrive at a finished product that best presents their vision.

**TASK:** In a reflective essay critically consider how creative artists use self-reflection, feedback from others, and documentation to improve the quality of work they deliver.

How might this process be similar when presenting art as a live choreographic piece?

Consider the similarities and differences in the process of creating, whether it be moving, static, spoken or visual.

- For reference read Lisa Fehnles article describing her experience of witnessing the ballet rehearsal process.
- Follow the links below for reference of this process.

The choreographic process of West Australian Ballet Company: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uekw18WHg9E

Van Gogh's Creative Process: <a href="https://www.denverartmuseum.org/en/blog/sharing-van-goghs-creative-process">https://www.denverartmuseum.org/en/blog/sharing-van-goghs-creative-process</a>

# Beyond the Stage': Revealing the Power of Practice By Lisa Fehnle.

Though I am by no means a dancer, it is fair to say that I am an avid fan, having watched my fair share of performances over the years. It is for this reason that when I accepted a marketing internship with West Australian Ballet, I couldn't be more delighted. No longer was I just going to be an audience member but become part of the team responsible for bringing to life what I have for so long been enthralled and inspired by. Planning, rehearsal, and presentation are essential parts of any stage production, and for WA Ballet this is no exception. I was fortunate enough to go beyond the stage and uncover what happens before and after the curtain call, having sat in on a few rehearsals with Western Australia's flagship ballet company.

Shows will undoubtedly shift and change as dancers try new emphases and cement physical moves. This really stood out to me in my behind-the-scenes experiences. It is one thing to see the final, polished version of a performance, it is another thing to witness it in its rawer state. There is something so beautiful and strangely compelling about hearing the squeak and thud of dancers' feet, all harnessed in way that sent surges through me and had me nodding my head to the steady, reverberating rhythm.

Unlike the grandness of an orchestral score, live piano sets the tone for the dancers, while also allowing their steps to be carefully observed and tweaked without the distraction of a noisy environment. Similarly, to see the ensemble dance in a studio, as opposed to the complex and detailed sets of a theatre, strips it back to get at the art form's heart and soul.

The other creative elements, such as the costumes, props, lighting, etc., additionally contribute to the meaning and overall experience. These elements are what bring to life and transform dance into a truly exciting, well-rounded story. I fully realised this when I attended a dress rehearsal, where the production comes alive as dancers get into character, sets are finalised, and the sound and lights meticulously adjusted. Cues from the stage manager, alongside words of encouragement and constructive feedback voiced by the directors are heard throughout, reflecting the attention to detail underlying every show. By partaking in experiences traditionally reserved for dancers and other company crew, it is undeniable that what continues to make WA Ballet performances a success is the dedication and passion they inject into all their shows, even the ones without a crowd.

After all, it takes time to get a dance right, to create something truly memorable.

# Responding | Dance Reflecting and Analysing (ACADAR018), (ACADAR025)

# **Choreographic Processes and Exploration of Movement**

**TASK:** After viewing *Romeo & Juliet* consider the dance elements of Body, Energy, Space and Time (BEST). In a group discussion or writing activity reflect upon;

**Body**: What actions were used?

**Energy:** What kinds of movement qualities did you see?, sharp, soft, smooth, percussive? Was there flow and connection of movements or was it interrupted and contained? **Space:** Which directions did the dancers travel in?, what formations were seen?, name some shapes you saw the dancers make eg. twisted, circular, symmetrical, contrasting. Were the pathways curved or angular?

**Time:** What was the tempo of the music?, did the rhythm feel regular or irregular? Was there stillness? Were there accents placed on the movements?

- Consider how these elements contributed to the formation of the work.
- Consider which elements were most utilised and drawn upon to best present the themes and ideas expressed throughout the work.
- Consider classic and historic choreographic styles, do you believe they have influenced this work.

# TASK:

In a group discussion or writing activity reflect upon any choreographic devices you think may have been used, researched or developed during the creative process and into the final performance.

- Consider unison, canon, motif, contrast repetition, fragmentation, embellishment, accumulation, reversal and retrograde.
- Consider why these devices may or may not have been incorporated into the work. Eq. Did this assist with story telling or were they stylistic or aesthetic choices?



# Responding | Dance in Context- (ACADAR019), (ACADAR026).

## Research and Reflection

**TASK:** Romeo and Juliet has been adapted multiple times, in numerous artforms. Stage, film, ballet, musical, and opera. Research the evolution of this story and how it has developed through the ages, across various forms and artistic mediums. Discuss the effectiveness of each and the influences they are impacted by.

### Consider:

- Why do you think this story has remained timeless?
- What emotions did the themes of the work evoke?
- What viewpoint is this story told from?
- What were some of the dance techniques used?
- What were some moments of symbolism and how did they add to the work?
- How did the work make you feel overall?

**TASK:** Write an article discussing Romeo & Juliet's impact on popular culture. Compare and contrast the differences between our classical ballet storytelling and other mediums this work has been delivered through.

Consider the impact of symbolism, expressive movement and nonverbal storytelling displayed in our production, as opposed to Shakespeare's original spoken work delivered verbally.

Stimuli below for reference of Storytelling versatility.

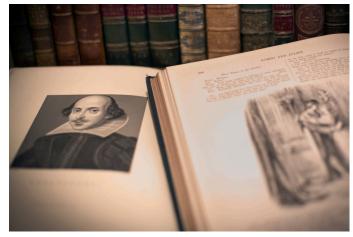








Photo Credits: APA. Luhrmann, B. (1996). Romeo + Juliet. Twenfieth Century Fox,
TOUCHSTONE PICTURES Presents A ROCKET PICTURES Production "GNOMEO & JULIET", Chicago. Wise,
Robert, and Jerome Robbins. 1961. West Side Story. United States: United Artists.

# Responding | Dance Reflecting and Analysing- (ACADAR018) (ACADAR025).

# Writing a Review

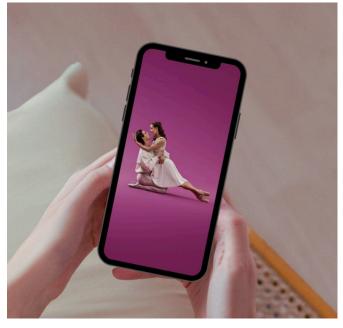
With students, analyse a written review and assess its form and content. Select a dance review. A review of West Australian Ballet's 2024 production, **METAMORPHASIS:** Ballet at the Quarry, has been included overleaf for your use. Read through the review and briefly analyse it. While a review is essentially one person's opinion and therefore subjective, it should also note the following details:

- What? the story, look, music, feel, design, content.
- · Why? What is being communicated and why.
- How? Types of movement, arrangement on stage, use of props.
- When? Time/date of performance.
- Where? Place of performance.
- Who? The company, creative staff (choreographer, composer, performers etc) and characters.

**TASK:** Ask students to write a review of *Romeo & Juliet*. Ensure that it includes the above details and a critical analysis of the production.

## For additional support on "How to Write a Review" please see link on page 15.





### **TASK VARIATIONS**

- Reviewing in the 21st Century
- Ask the students to write an Instagram review consisting of 140 characters. Students will need to select their words carefully and highlight what effected them the most.

or

- Ask students to create and perform a scripted 30 second TikTok presentation to accompany images from the production. Ensure to include a tag line to use as a caption.
  - The Role of the Reviewer

For advanced students, lead a discussion about what makes a good review and the role of the reviewer. How do reviews effect the artist, production, audience attendance and the development of the art form? Consider persuasive and non persuasive language when discussing this.



# DAN CAUSTRALIA

METAMORPHOSIS: BALLET AT THE QUARRY West Australian Ballet Quarry Amphitheatre, City Beach Date reviewed: February 9, 2024

and

PERTH MOVES STRUT Dance State Theatre Centre of WA Courtyard Date reviewed: February 10

Kicking off Perth Festival is the West Australian Ballet's "Metamorphosis: Ballet at the Quarry". This year, the West Australian Ballet is presenting four unconnected works of contemporary dance, with the overall show broken up by one interval. While there is no strong theme emerging from this quadruple bill program, the minimalist costume and lighting designs in each piece (by various designers) resulted in attention remaining, at all times, on the beauty of the human form rather than any concept or emotion.

Two of the works, Wonderers and Extension to Boom, are choreographed by George Williamson. While Wonderers is a short, moody piece consisting of both ensemble work and a pas de deux (on this night, by Candice Adea and Adam Alzaim), Extension to Boom is much more expansive, in both length and casting.

In Wonderers, six dancers are sporadically lit up by individual downlights (designed by Jason Fassl), accompanied by a sound-score of heartbeats and drumbeats (created by Edmund Shaw). The dancers remain fixed to the spot for some time, expressing mostly smooth, upper-body movement. Contrastingly, Extension to Boom consists of colourful costumes (by Jonathan Hindmarsh) and busy music (Concerto for Two Pianos by Bryce Dessner). Both works provide strong and fresh choreography but the frenzied music, fast-paced movement and multi-coloured costumes in Extension to Boom bordered on overwhelming at times. Nevertheless, the conclusion of this piece was striking and memorable, with lights and music cutting out in the middle of a climatic moment.

The headline performance, *Metamorphosis*, was the highlight of the evening. This piece by David Dawson also comprises both ensemble work and a pas de deux (on this night, by Dayana Hardy Acuna and Oscar Valdes). The choreography incorporates stillness, which provides balance and reprieve from more intense moments of bodies swirling around each other. The simple costume design by David Dawson and Eddie Grundy (white leotards or leggings) is effective in pulling the focus to the physique of the dancers, and the uniformity of the costumes highlight the pockets of synchronicity throughout this piece.

Dayana Hardy Acuna and Oscar Valdes each presented Dawson's choreography in their own way, without compromising their partnering. Hardy Acuna's long extensions gave the pas de deux fluidity and composure, and Valdes' character and passion ensured he was equally memorable. Notably, Mayume Noguromi, who featured in the ensemble of *Metamorphosis*, was a standout. Noguromi danced with care and deliberateness, bringing personality, elegance and strength to her performance.

In 3 min 40, a short pas de deux choreographed by Gakuro Matsui, was pleasant but unremarkable. I appreciate the bravery of Matsui in sharing this work, being a reflection of his emotions during the pandemic, but the choreography felt a little tired, as did the storyline.

As always, the ensemble work throughout the night was strong. This was especially so in Extension to Boom, which demands musicality from the dancers. Further, the white uniforms used in Metamorphosis would have made mistakes abundantly noticeable, but the ensemble presented this piece with precision.

This year's season of "Ballet at the Quarry" showcases some demanding works of contemporary dance, but the vision for the overall production was unfortunately unclear. Each performance was polished; however, none provoked further thought or emotion, nor did they leave a lasting impression, leaving this year's season on the safer side of the creative scale. "Metamorphosis: Ballet at the Quarry" is a sound start to the year for the West Australian Ballet, and there is space to develop a greater sense of direction.

Also part of Perth Festival is *Perth Moves*, a 10-day program of free workshops open to the public, presented by STRUT Dance. With the classes set in the heart of Northbridge (in the Courtyard of the State Theatre Centre of WA), the program seems, so far, well attended by eager participants. I attended a waacking class by visiting French artist, TINE, who took the attendees through the basics of this style. Being late on a Saturday evening, the class felt vibrant and enthusiastic. Not only does the *Perth Moves* initiative deliver a strong variety of dance exposure to the public, it also educates and allows those less familiar with the dance world to dip in their toes. The classes range from line dancing, to krump, to yoga and meditation, and there are classes for those with limited mobility ("seated dance"), providing greater accessibility and inclusivity. The classes are not only informative, but they seem to bring people together through shared movement. It is a stroke of genius by STRUT Dance, and I look forward to this program remaining a fixture of Perth Festival in years to come.

- ALANA KILDEA





Digital creative learning resourses to accompany the West Australian Ballet's school performance of *GENESIS* are now available on our website. Resources are aimed at primary and secondary school students and include synopsis and information sheets to download for your classroom.

The Creative Learning Resources webpage also includes behind the scenes information, design and production images, as well as video content to further support students learning experience when attending the performance.

To access the full range of digital creative learning resource's please click on the link below.

DIGITAL LEARNING RESOURCES



This video, by Amy Wiseman, details how to write a review of a ballet performance. This is a valuble resource for students to reference and take inspiration from across all GENESIS Creative Learning Pack activities.

**VIDEO LINK HERE** 



West Australian Ballet, has worked closely with Telethon Kids Institute to create a series of online workshops that focus on utilising dance to improve young people's mental and physical health and wellbeing. A wide variety of movement-based workshop exercises are available. Use these videos to explore a range of health and wellbeing topics through dance.

These free classroom resources are available for a range of year groups and cover topics such as nutrition, mindfulness, self-esteem and many more. Simply click on the link below.

DANCE AND WELLBEING RESOURCES

# DESIGN AND SYMBOLISM

West Australian Ballet houses a costume and production department responsible for building and maintaining the costumes, staging of existing productions set and props you will see come to life on stage.

These professionals individually specialise in production qualities including costume design, fabric laser cutting, pattern making, dyers, millenary, set construction, maintenance and multiple mechanist duties which happen backstage during a performance.





Research and development are a large aspect of costume design, especially within the Ballet art form, where story is told through visuals.

While considering ease of movement, designers also factor in other elements of dramaturgy including era, style, colour, symbolism and the global happenings that may affect the overall narrative of the piece.

Romeo & Juliet was originally designed by James Acheson for Royal New Zealand Ballet. This production houses 77 costumes and 300 individual items.

Responding | Dance in Context (<u>ACADAR02</u>6)

Dance genres/styles are influenced by the social, cultural and historical context in which they exist.

**TASK:** After viewing Romeo & Juliet discuss (written or verbally) how the choices made surrounding design concepts (lighting, music, costume, props, set, staging) and how they contribute to or detract from conveying choreographic intention and storytelling. Consider:

- The freedom and quality of movement available within these choices.
- The ability to push forward the ballets plot.
- The point of view the story is told from.
- Gender, roles of power and how they are portrayed.

# His Majesty's Theatre, 827- 905 Hay Street Perth WA.

We are so excited to welcome you and your students to the theatre for this performance. Read on for helpful hints on how you and your students can best enjoy your trip.



Travelling by bus: There are designated bus bays located on the corner of King St and St Georges
Terrace that have been reserved for a safe drop off and pick up. It is a short walk from the theatre
and students do not need to cross any roads(see map pictured).

\*Please do not instruct your bus driver to drop you off on King Street or Hay Street as there is high potential for this to cause traffic complications.

- Travelling by car: Parking is available at His Majesty's Car park, entrance on Murray Street.
- **Travelling by public transport:** Buses travel directly into the city terminating at Perth Busport. The closest train stations are Perth Underground Station or Esplanade.
- Arrival Time Please make sure you arrive at the theatre with enough time to collect your tickets and
  find your seats. Arriving late and missing the start of a performance will diminish your students
  understanding of the ballet as well as disrupt others. In addition, most performances are 'lock
  outs', which means that late audience members will only be allowed in at predetermined times (for
  example, interval) or not at all.

Below are a few things to remind your students before attending:

- **Electronic devices** Please ensure all mobile phones and other electronic devices are turned off. These are disruptive to the performance and distracting to audience members and performers.
- **Photography** We don't allow patrons to take photos or use devices throughout the performance, but we encourage you to record your experience by taking pictures before and after the show and during the intervals. Don't forget to tag us if you post about your experience on social media.
- Food and beverages There are many different places to get something to eat or drink in the city, however, please be aware that only plastic bottled water is permitted in the auditorium. All other food and beverages must be consumed before entering.
- How to find your seat We ask you to please only sit in the seats allocated on your tickets. On your ticket is the level (Stalls, Dress Circle, or Upper Circle), your row (alphabetical letter), and seat number. The front of house staff will read your ticket as you enter the theatre to check you are on the right level, and will help you find your seats if needed.
- And most importantly Clapping and cheering is the best way to applaud the performance and
  make the dancers feel special. Make sure you cheer as loudly as you can during the curtain call
  (at the end of the performance) to give the dancers a big thank you!





Created by
Access & Outreach - School Manager
Stee Andrews
for
2024 season of Romeo & Juliet
presented by
West Australian Ballet Company

# 2025 Performances for Schools - Booking Form



# Step 1- Provide your contact details.

First Name	Surname	School
Postal Address		
Phone	Mobile (during excursions)	Email

# Step 2- Select your performance(s)

₩	TOTAL								Prices includes GST.
€9	\$8.95	G			s,			Wednesday 3 <sup>rd</sup> December – 12pm His Majesty's Theatre	Performance Season 5
G	\$8.95	<del>vs</del>			co.			Wednesday 26 <sup>th</sup> November – 12pm His Majesty's Theatre	Performance Season 5
₩	\$8.95	↔			Ş			Tuesday 27 <sup>th</sup> May – 12pm His Majesty's Theatre	Performance Season 3
€9	\$8.95	↔			s			Tuesday 1st April – 12pm West Australian Ballet Centre	Performance Season 2
TOTAL (Students + Teachers + \$8.95 Fee)	Ticketing service/ delivery fee	Subtotal Teachers	Teachers (10 students = 1 free teacher. Max. 4 adults for every 10 students)  Free Paid \$35	Teachers (10 students = 1 free teacher. Max. 4 adults for every 10 students)  Free Paid \$35	Subtotal Students	Year ie: Yrs 3-5	No. of students at \$18 each	Date/Time	Schools' Matinees

Special seating requirements (e.g. wheelchair):

# Step 3 - Lodgement of form and payment

information. Approximately 8 weeks before the performance we will confirm your exact numbers and send you an invoice to be paid prior to the performance. If you have any further queries please email us at <a href="mailto:learning@waballet.com.au">learning@waballet.com.au</a> or call us on (08) 9214 0707 Once you have completed this form please email it to learning@waballet.com.au. We will confirm we have received your booking via email and provide you with additional